

### 1. ADMINISTRATIVE STUFF

- Review Policies and Laws
- Chain of Custody form
- Digital Evidence Collection Form
- Consent form (if needed)
- Evidence Tracked and Stored

### 2. WORK PLAN (docs)

- Review Policies and Laws (if needed)
- Gain understanding of:
  - Background
  - If applicable, previous work
  - Requirements/Goal of analysis
  - Deliverable
- Create Analysis Work Plan
- Create Investigative Plan

### 3. SETUP CASE FOLDER (example)

EV1 (Evidence Files)  
WC (Working Copy of Files)

- Case # - Project Name
- Custodian Name
- Media Type – EV #
  - Case File
  - Index
  - Reg Files
  - Internet Hist
  - Case Processor
  - Logs
- Media Type – EV #
- Media Type – EV #

*\*Organize output neatly!*

### 4. CONFIRM IMAGE INTEGRITY

- Compare Acquisition and Verification Hash values (MD5, SHA)
- Save Verification Reports

**GENERAL FORENSIC ANALYSIS CHECKLIST V.1.1**

THE PURPOSE OF THIS REFERENCE GUIDE IS TO PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW AND OUTLINE OF COMMON PROCESSES, SOFTWARE, AND BEST PRACTICES FOLLOWED BY PROFESSIONALS CONDUCTING COMPUTER FORENSIC ANALYSIS

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### 5. BEFORE YOU GET STARTED..

- Check physical size of drive and compare to physical label accounting for all drive space (Check for DCA/HPA).
- Identify & compare logical partition size(s) to physical drive size to identify any deleted partitions or unused disk space
- Retrieve time zone settings for each disk and apply correct time zone, if applicable
- Rename hard disk volumes as necessary to "Recovery", "C", etc.

#### GATHER SYSTEM INFORMATION

- Determine OS, service pack, OS install date, application list, owner, machine name, and other basic information.
- Retrieve user profile information (names, SIDs, create and last logon dates)

#### PRE-PROCESSING ANALYTICS

- Conduct hash analysis, identify "known" and/or "notable" files.
- Conduct file signature analysis, review renamed files.
- Identify encrypted files (entropy)
- Mount ALL compound files (VHD, VMDK, ZIP,RAR, Email containers, Reg Files, etc)
- Index Case (DT Search, WDS, Encase, AD..)
- Generate metadata (and extended) listings/reports

#### RP / VSC

- Identify if services turned on/used
- Extract or make available accordingly for analysis

#### MOUNTING / VIRTUAL EMULATE

- Mount - Malware/Virus Scan (Don't forget about MBR)
- Mount - Stego Scan
- Virtually Emulate – conduct behavior and live analysis

#### KEYWORD SEARCHING

- Create keyword list & QC syntax formatting/code page usage (may be iterative process)
- Perform targeted or full disk search including unallocated and slack areas.
- Create hit report/stats

#### FILTERING

- Filter data based on meta data and extended meta data such as Date and Time values, File Extension, and etc.

#### EXPORT

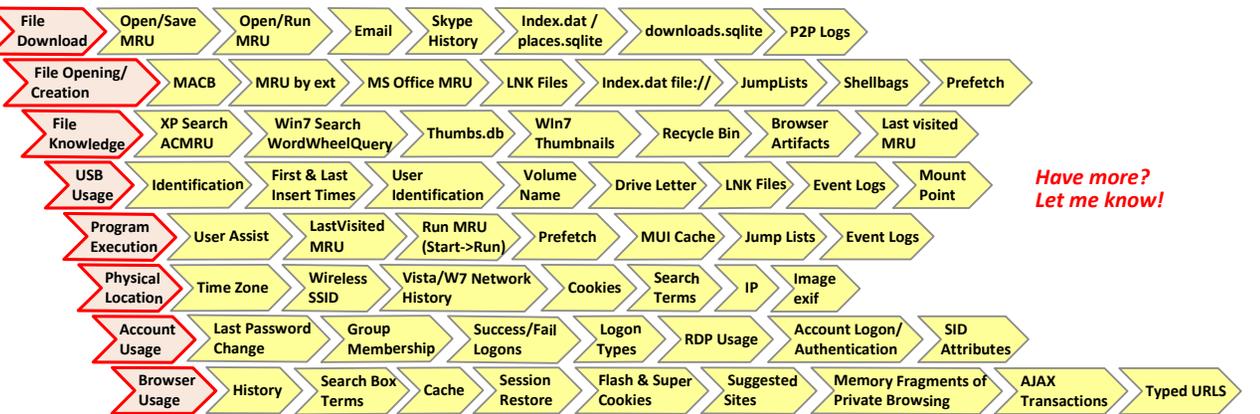
Export files from case for independent analysis with specialty tools. For example:

<b>Memory</b>	<b>Email</b>
Memorize	NIJX
Redline	Clearwell
Volatility (SIFT)	Recover My Email
<b>Passwords</b>	Bulk extractor (SIFT)
AD PRK	<b>Image Mounting</b>
Passware	FTK Imager
Ophcrack	ImDisk
<b>Shellbags</b>	Live View
Shellbags.py (SIFT)	OSFMount
<b>Internet History</b>	Virtual Box
WebHistorian	<b>Stego</b>
<b>LNK Files</b>	Outguess
Tzworks	<b>Hashing</b>
Lslnk (SIFT)	Md5deep (SIFT)
<b>Event Logs (.evt &amp; .evtx)</b>	Sha256deep (SIFT)
Tzworks	Hashdeep (SIFT)
GrokEVT	<b>Registry</b>
<b>MFT</b>	Reg Ripper (SIFT)
AnalyzeMFT	Registry Decoder
Ntfswalk (SIFT)	AD Registry Viewer
<b>index/\$I30</b>	Reglookup (SIFT)
INDXParse.py (SIFT)	YARU (SIFT)
<b>SIFT Workstation is a great resource for tons of tools!</b>	<b>Windows Journal Parser</b>
	Tzworks

6. EQUATION FOR SUCCESSFUL ANALYSIS: (TIMELINES + MANUAL ANALYSIS) x (PASSION + TIME + RESEARCH + RESOURCES) = "WINNING"

GENERAL AREAS	REGISTRY ANALYSIS (Win only)	SYSTEM ARTIFACTS	MEMORY RESIDUE	INTERNET
Analyze general folder locations for artifacts or data of interest. For example: >Desktop >User folders >Documents >Desktop >Network Shortcuts >Recently Opened File folders >System Temp folders >Browser Temp Folders >System Folders (malware) >Autorun	The System registry hives (NTUSER.DAT, SYSTEM, SOFTWARE, SECURITY, SAM..) contain a vast of amount of information that can be imperative to your analysis. For Example: -OS Version (SOFTWARE) -Last logged on user (SAM) -Last Failed Logon (SAM) -Username & SID (SAM) -Shutdown (SYSTEM) -TimeZone (SYSTEM) -Drives Mounted by User (NTUSER.DAT) -File Ext Associations (NTUSER.DAT) -Installed application list (SOFTWARE) -Search History (SOFTWARE) -Removable Storage Devices (SYSTEM) Using Registry analysis tools, such as Reg Ripper, can aid your analysis..	There are many system related artifacts that may contain potentially relevant information including: -Backups (RP, VSC, others) -Event Logs (.evt, evtx) -Shell bags (Registry) -Jump Lists -Misc. Logs (firewall, AV, Apps, etc) -Removable Media Connections -LNK files -Prefetch -PageFile	If applicable, perform memory analysis to gather volatile information including: -Handles; files, directories, processes, registry keys, Semaphores, events and sections -Open network ports -Hooks: Driver IRP, SSDT and IDT driver tree	Identify installed browsers and perform analysis on artifact such as: -Parse Internet history files (index.dat, sqlite, etc) -Check temp folders -Parse cookies -Cached pages -Form History/Auto complete files -Favorites/bookmarks -Toolbars -WebSlices -Browser plug ins -Registry analysis -Carve unallocated for deleted history artifacts
<b>TIE IT ALL TOGETHER USING TIMELINE ANALYSIS – FLIP SIDE!</b>		<b>SOFTWARE RESIDUE</b> Identify software (i.e Wiping tools, P2P, Sticky Notes, hacker tools, etc) and perform analysis on associated files (binary-malware analysis), logs, settings, registry and etc.	<b>E-MAIL/IM/SOCIAL ARTIFACTS</b> Identify email clients or web access on system and perform analysis on associated data stores or application residue/settings: <b>Client based (file examples):</b> Windows - .OST, .PST, .MSG, Temp folder for Outlook attachments, Lotus Notes - .NSF, Mac - .EML, .EMLX, .MBOX <b>Web based (OWA, Facebook, Twitter, etc.):</b> -Logs -Internet History reconstruction -Cache	<b>...BUCKETING ANALYSIS "TO DO" ITEMS LIKE THIS CAN HELP.</b>

7. INTERPRETATION/REVIEW OF ARTIFACTS (examples) ..



### 8. REPORTING

- Document findings comprehensively
- Fact based Interpretation
- Remember who the audience is
- Remember requirements/expectations

Have more? Let me know!

# SIFT REFERENCE GUIDE (V.1.1) – CREATING TIMELINES WITH THE SIFT WORKSTATION



THE PURPOSE OF THIS REFERENCE GUIDE IS TO WALK THROUGH THE PROCESS OF BOOTING THE SIFT WORKSTATION, CREATING A TIMELINE (“SUPER” OR “MICRO”) AND REVIEWING IT.

## 1. VISIT: <http://computer-forensics11.sans.org/community/downloads>

- Download: SIFT Workstation VM Appliance
- Download: SIFT Workstation Installation

## 2. BOOT SIFT VM

Login: *sansforensics*  
Password: *forensics*

## 3. ELEVATE PRIVS

\$ sudo su

## 4. CONNECT IMAGE TO SIFT

Plug hard drive to physical host and attach to SIFT VM

## 5. HARD DRIVE MOUNTING (if you are using log2timeline-sift and Single DD you can skip to 7-A)

### SINGLE OR SPLIT IMAGE (2 options):

# mount\_ewf.py image.E01 /mnt/ewf  
or  
# ewfmount image.E01 /mnt/ewf/

# mount -t ntfs -o ro,loop,show\_sys\_files,streams\_interface=windows,offset=#### /mnt/ewf/<image> /mnt/windows\_mount/

MOUNT TO MOUNT POINT

### SINGLE IMAGE

# mount -t ntfs -o ro,loop,show\_sys\_files,streams\_interface=windows,offset=#### image.dd /mnt/windows\_mount/

### SPLIT IMAGE (2 step process)

# affuse image.001 /mnt/aff  
# mount -t ntfs-3g -o loop,ro,show\_sys\_files /mnt/aff/<image> /mnt/windows\_mount/

6. log2timeline default timezone is set to examiner local host. To change use -z [TIMEZONE] option. To list all available timezones:  
# log2timeline -z list

## HOW TO CALCULATE THE OFFSET FOR MOUNTING

- Run mmls to query partition layout
- # mmls image.E01
- Identify partition and byte offset
- (Partition byte offset) x (bytes per sector) = offset ##### to use!  
Example: 63 X 512 = 32256

Note: If needed, repeat for each partition. Make new mount point:  
# mkdir /mnt/windows\_mount2/

## 7-A: AUTOMATED SUPER TIMELINE CREATION

log2timeline-sift -o [TIMEZONE] -p [PARTITION #] -i [IMAGE FILE]

DISK IMAGE (prompt for partition, mount, and run):

XP # log2timeline-sift -z EST5EDT -i image

WIN7 # log2timeline-sift -win7 -z EST5EDT -i image

FOR PARTITION (mount and run using all applicable plugins):

XP # log2timeline-sift -z EST5EDT -p 0 -i partition

WIN7 # log2timeline-sift -win7 -z EST5EDT -p 0 -i partition

### OTHER USAGE EXAMPLES:

Display list of available plugins:  
# log2timeline -f list  
Run log2timeline use -o flag to use only specific plugins:  
# log2timeline-sift -o evtx,prefetch -z EST5EDT -i image.dd  
Help (man page):  
# log2timeline-sift -h

## 8. CSV FILE OUTPUT (/cases/timeline-output-folder)

-date: Date of the event, in the format of MM/DD/YYYY  
-time: Time of day, expressed in a 24h format. HH:MM:SS  
-timezone: the timezone that was used to call the tool with.  
-MACB: MACB meaning of the fields, comp w/ mactime format.  
-source: Source short name (i.e. registry entries are REG)  
-sourcetype: Desc of the source (“Internet Explorer” instead of WEBHIST)  
-type: Timestamp type (i.e. “Last Accessed”, “Last Written”)  
-user: Username associated with the entry, if one is available.  
-host: Hostname associated with the entry, if one is available.  
-short: Contains less text than the full description field.  
-desc: where majority info is stored, the actual parsed desc of the entry.  
-version: Version number of the timestamp object.  
-filename: Filename with the full path that contained the entry  
-inode: inode number of the file being parsed.  
-notes: Some input modules insert additional information in the form of a note, which comes here. Or it can be used during the review.  
-format: Input module name used to parse the file.  
-extra: Additional information parsed is joined together and put here.

## 7-B: MANUAL “MICRO” TIMELINE CREATION

log2timeline [OPTIONS] [-f FORMAT] [-z TIMEZONE] [-o OUTPUT MODULE] [-w BODYFILE] LOG\_FILE/LOG\_DIR [-] [FORMAT FILE OPTIONS]

### FILE SYSTEM METADATA (using log2timeline or fls)

Parse file system data w/log2timeline from mounted file system:  
# log2timeline -f mft -o mactime -r -z EST5EDT -w mft.body /mnt/volume/  
OR Extract MFT from image using Sleuthkit:  
# fls -m "" -o offset -r image.dd > fls.body  
Convert body file format to CSV format w/ mactime:  
# mactime -b fls.body -d > fls.csv

### ARTIFACTS (run I2I on mounted file system with plugins recursively)

Extract artifacts w/ log2timeline and run on mounted file system:  
# log2timeline -f firefox3,chrome -o mactime -r -z EST5EDT -w web.body /mnt/volume/  
Convert body file format to CSV format w/ mactime:  
# mactime -b log2timeline.body -d > log2timeline.csv

## 9. FILTER TIMELINE

Filter timeline with date range to include only:  
I2t\_process -b timeline.csv MM-DD-YYYY..MM-DD-YYYY > filtered.csv  
Filter timeline with keyword list (one term per line in keywords.txt):  
I2t\_process -b timeline.csv -k keywords.txt > filtered.csv  
What sources are in your timeline?  
awk -F , '{print \$6;}' timeline.csv | grep -v sourcetype | sort | uniq  
Find all LNK files that reference E Drive  
grep "Shortcut LNK" timeline.csv | grep "E:"  
Find MountPoints2 entries that reference E Drive  
grep "MountPoints2 key" timeline.csv | grep "E drive"  
grep USB timeline.csv | grep "SetupAPILog"

File System	M	A	C	B
Ext2/3	Modified	Accessed	Changed	N/A
FAT	Written	Accessed	N/A	Created
NTFS	File Modified	Accessed	MFT Modified	Created
UFS	Modified	Accessed	Changed	N/A

## HELP? OPTIONS? USAGE?

log2timeline -help  
Log2timeline-sift -help  
L2t\_process -help

## OTHER log2timeline OUTPUT FORMATS

Note: CSV is Default Output  
-BeeDocs - Mac OS X visualization tool  
-CEF - Common Event Format - ArcSight  
-CFTL - XML file- CyberForensics TimeLab visualization tool  
-CSV - comma separated value file  
-Mactime - Both older and newer version of the format supported for use by TSK's mactime  
-SIMILE - XML file - SIMILE timeline visualization widget  
-SQLite - SQLite database  
-TLN - Tab Delimited File  
-TLN - Format used by some of H Carvey tools, expressed as a ASCII output  
-TLNX - Format used by some of H Carvey tools, expressed as a XML document

## 10. CONNECT TO SIFT

- 1. VM -> SETTINGS -> OPTIONS -> Shared Folders -> Always Enabled (Check)
- 2. SIFT Desktop > VMware-Shared-Drive
- Access from a Win Machine  
\\SIFTWORKSTATION

## 11. REVIEW TIMELINE

Review timelines using:  
- Open, Soft, Filter with Excel  
- Import into SPLUNK  
- SIMILE  
- Tapestry

## log2timeline PARSING PLUGINS

apache2\_error - Apache2 error log file  
chrome - Chrome history file  
encase\_dirlisting - CSV file that is exported from encase  
evt - Windows 2k/XP/2k3 Event Log  
evtx - Windows Event Log File (EVTX)  
exif - Metadata information from files using ExifTool  
ff\_bookmark - Firefox bookmark file  
firefox2 - Firefox 2 browser history  
firefox3 - Firefox 3 history file  
ftk\_dirlisting - CSV file that is exported from FTK Imager (dirlisting)  
generic\_linux - Generic Linux logs that start with MMM DD HH:MM:SS  
iehistory - index.dat file containing IE history  
iis - IIS W3C log file  
isatxt - ISA text export log file  
jp\_ntfs\_change - CSV output file from JP (NTFS Change log)  
mactime - Body file in the mactime format  
mcafee - Log file  
mft - NTFS MFT file  
mssql\_errlog - ERRORLOG file produced by MS SQL server  
ntuser - NTUSER.DAT registry file  
opera - Opera's global history file  
oxml - OpenXML document pcap  
pcap - PCAP file  
pdf - Available PDF document metadata  
prefetch - Prefetch directory  
recycler - Recycle bin directory  
restore\_0.9 - Restore point directory  
safari - Safari History.plist file  
sam - SAM registry file  
security - SECURITY registry file  
setupapi - SetupAPI log file in Windows XP  
skype\_sql - Skype database  
software - SOFTWARE registry file  
sol - .sol (LSO) or a Flash cookie file  
squid - Squid access log (http\_emulate off)  
syslog - Linux Syslog log file  
system - SYSTEM registry file  
tln - Body file in the TLN format  
volatility - Volatility output files (psscan2, sockscan2, ...)  
win\_link - Windows shortcut file (or a link file)  
wmiprov - wmiprov log file  
xpfirewall - XP Firewall log

List plugins # log2timeline -f list  
...HELP EXPAND THIS LIST. BUILD PLUGINS!!!

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## KEY

Red text - image/source  
Blue text - mount point  
Purple text - output file  
Green text - log2timeline plugins  
Brown text - TimeZone